JEITA Conflict Minerals Inquiry Briefings

■ Organizer: JEITA Responsible Minerals Trade Working Group

Responsible JEITA Department: International Affairs Department

Participants: 1,069

Overview

Section 1502 (the Conflict Minerals Provision) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act passed in July 2010 requires manufacturers and certain other companies listed on US stock exchanges to file a report on conflict minerals (tin, tantalum, tungsten, and gold) with the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and disclose relevant information. This year is the fourth reporting year since the requirement came into force in 2013.

The JEITA Responsible Minerals Trade Working Group held twelve conflict mineral inquiry briefings this year in five locations — Tokyo, Osaka, Fukuoka, Sendai, and Nagoya —

to assist manufacturers and other companies in supply chains that share similar challenges. More than 1,000 people attended. The briefings focused on explaining the questions in the latest version of the CFSI reporting template (CMRT), as well as identifying trends in how the template is answered based on results from the past three years, and examining issues with the 2016 inquiry.

In a new departure this year, individual consultations were offered after each briefing, and questions from many people were answered insofar as possible.



The Fukuoka session drew attendees from quake-stricken Kumamoto



The first-time Nagoya briefings were well attended



People lined up for the individual consultations (left: Tokyo; right: Osaka)

Program

Part I: Review of the 2013-2015 Conflict Minerals Inquiries and Trends in Responsible Minerals Trade

- 1. Results from and trends in the 2013-2015 CFSI reporting template (CMRT)
- 2. Issues with the 2015 inquiry
- 3. The CFSI Standard Smelter Names (SSN) list now and in the future
- 4. Trends in EU regulations
- 5. North Korean smelters

Part II: Points to Note about the 2016 Conflict Minerals Inquiry

- 1. Background and format of conflict minerals inquiries
- 2. Explanation of the CFSI template (CMRT) questions
- 3. Collation of smelter information

Part III: Q&A

Venue	Date	Time	Moderator	Presenter 1	Presenter 2	Number of participants
Tokyo	May 23 (Mon)	(1) 10 : 00 - 11 : 30	SUMITOMO ELECTRIC DEVICE INNOVATIONS, INC.	Fujikura Ltd.	TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.	91
		(2) 13 : 00 - 14 : 30	TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD.	Nippon Chemi-Con Corporation	SUMITOMO ELECTRIC DEVICE INNOVATIONS, INC.	82
		(3) 15 : 30 - 17 : 00	Alps Electric Co., Ltd.	Pioneer Corporation	Konica Minolta, Inc.	92
	May 24 (Tue)	(4) 10 : 00 - 11 : 30	TDK Corporation	Hitachi, Ltd.	NEC Corporation	108
		(5) 13 : 00 - 14 : 30	Hitachi, Ltd.	JVC KENWOOD Corporation	NEC Corporation	97
		(6) 15 : 30 - 17 : 00	Pioneer Corporation	Japan Aviation Electronics Industry, Limited	KOA Corporation	94
Osaka City	June 1 (Wed)	(1) 13 : 00 - 14 : 30	OMRON Corporation	Panasonic Corporation	Murata Manufacturing, Co., Ltd.	63
		(2) 15 : 30 - 17 : 00	Sharp Corporation	ROHM Co., Ltd.	Kyocera Corporation	174
Fukuoka City	June 3 (Fri)	15 : 00 - 16 : 30	Kyocera Corporation	Panasonic Corporation	Murata Manufacturing, Co., Ltd.	43
Sendai City	June 6 (Mon)	15 : 00 - 16 : 30	Alps Electric Co., Ltd.	Pioneer Corporation	TDK Corporation	45
Nagoya City	June 17 (Fri)	(1) 13 : 00 - 14 : 30	Pioneer Corporation	Makita Corporation	Murata Manufacturing, Co., Ltd.	86
		(2) 15 : 30 - 17 : 00	Makita Corporation	Kyocera Corporation	Konica Minolta, Inc.	94
5 Cities		12 times				1,069

The individual consultations were conducted by the facilitator and speakers at each briefing. Assistance was also provided by several members of the Japan Auto Parts Industries Association (JAPIA): Koito Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in Tokyo, Denso Corporation in Osaka and Nagoya, and Aisin Seiki Co., Ltd. in Nagoya.