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How to Complete a Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (CMRT)

CMRT Rev. 6.01

June 2020 Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association (JEITA) -Responsible Minerals Trade Working Group-

[Notice]

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Appendix: Abbreviations

1. Conflict Minerals Survey: Background

What is the Conflict Minerals Survey?

This survey is a way to respond to the requirement since 2013 under the US Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act that the US-listed companies investigate and disclose annually whether the conflict minerals^{*1} used in their products are a source of funds for armed groups in the covered countries.^{*2}

^{*1}Conflict minerals (3TG) (regardless of place of origin):

Tantalum, Tin, Tungsten, Gold

^{*2} The Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and the nine adjoining countries

The survey is also used to comply with the EU Conflict Minerals Regulation that, as of January 2021, companies importing conflict minerals into the EU as ores and raw metals investigate and report annually whether these are related to Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Due Diligence Guidance Annex II Risks in regions defined as Conflict-Affected Areas and High-Risk Areas (CAHRAs).^{*3}

^{*3} Covered countries as defined by the OECD (details on following pages)

1. Conflict Minerals Survey: OECD Annex II Risks

OECD Annex II Risks: Those risks defined in Annex II of the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas.^{*1}

OECD Annex II Risks:

1. Serious abuses associated with the extraction, transport or trade of minerals (child labour, etc.)

- 2. Direct or indirect support to non-state armed groups
- 3. Public or private security forces
- 4. Bribery and fraudulent representation of the origin of minerals
- 5. Money laundering
- 6. Payment of taxes, fees and royalties due to governments

^{*1} Available to download from the OECD website

http://www.oecd.org/corporate/mne/mining.htm

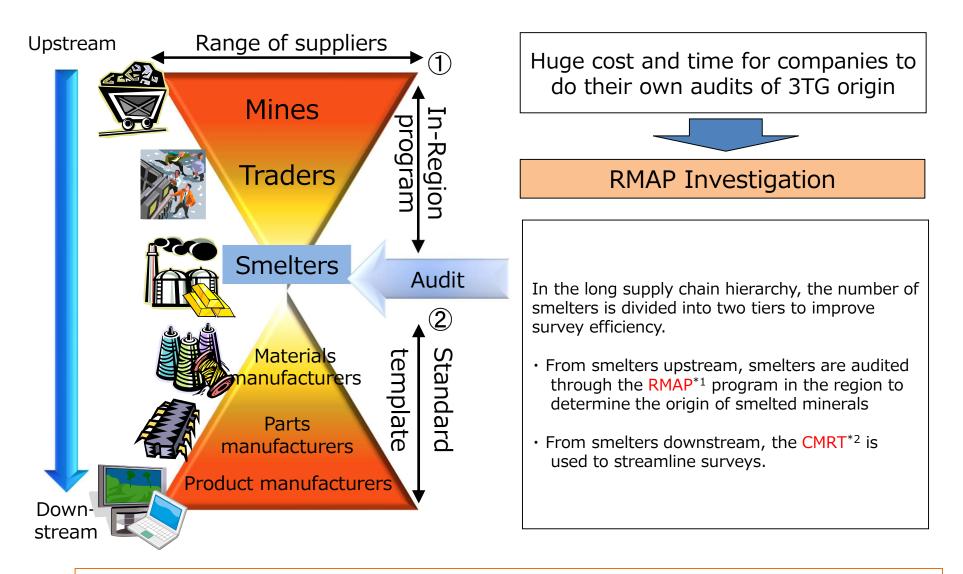
Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas (CAHRAs^{*1})

Conflict-affected and high-risk areas are identified by the presence of armed conflict, widespread violence or other risks of harm to people. Armed conflict may take a variety of forms, such as a conflict of international or non-international character, which may involve two or more states, or may consist of wars of liberation, or insurgencies, civil wars, etc. *High-risk areas* may include areas of political instability or repression, institutional weakness, insecurity, collapse of civil infrastructure and widespread violence. Such areas are often characterized by widespread human rights abuses and violations of national or international law.

Note that the above definition is conceptual and that as of May 25, 2020, the EU had yet to identify specific regions as CAHRAs. According to the RMI^{*2} standard, however, the CAHRAs shall include, at a minimum, the Covered Countries under the Dodd Frank Act.

^{*1} CAHRAs	Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas
^{*2} RMI	Responsible Minerals Initiative

1. Conflict Minerals Survey: CMRT Survey



- *1 RMAP Responsible Minerals Assurance Process
- *2 CMRT Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (common format revised and reissued annually by the RMI)

1. Conflict Minerals Survey: Most Cases

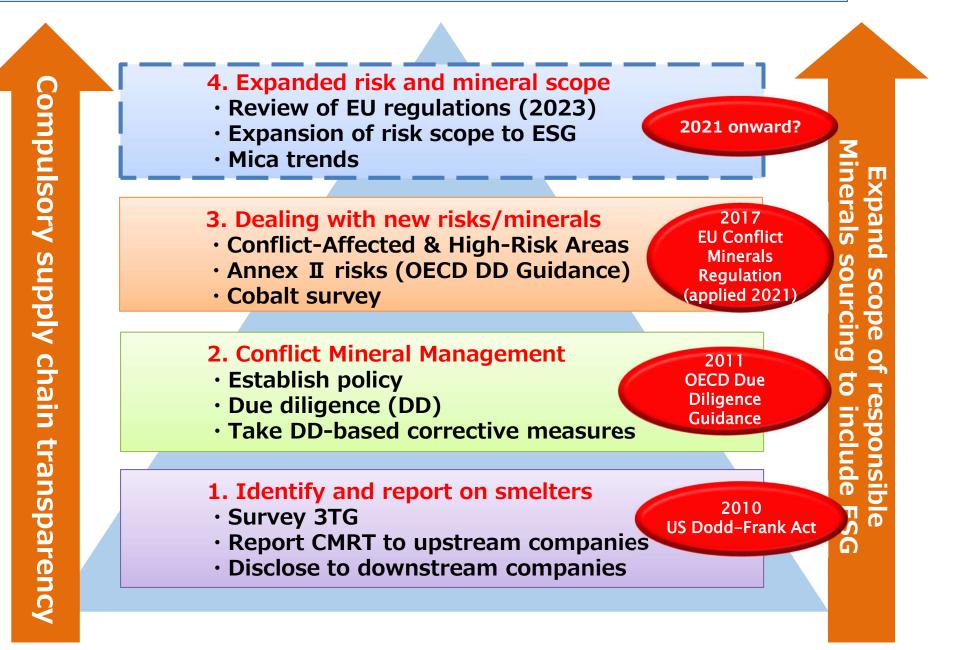
While US unlisted companies have no information disclosure obligation under the Dodd-Frank Act, their customers are requiring them to conduct conflict minerals surveys and report the results. Because modern supply chains stretch worldwide, manufacturers and many other companies are involved in these surveys.

The EU Conflict Minerals Regulation, on the other hand, targets only companies importing ores and raw metals into the EU, so fewer Japanese companies are involved. However, the EU has clearly stated that if downstream companies are less responsive than importers, in its 2023 review, it will also make reporting compulsory for downstream companies, so care must be taken in this regard.

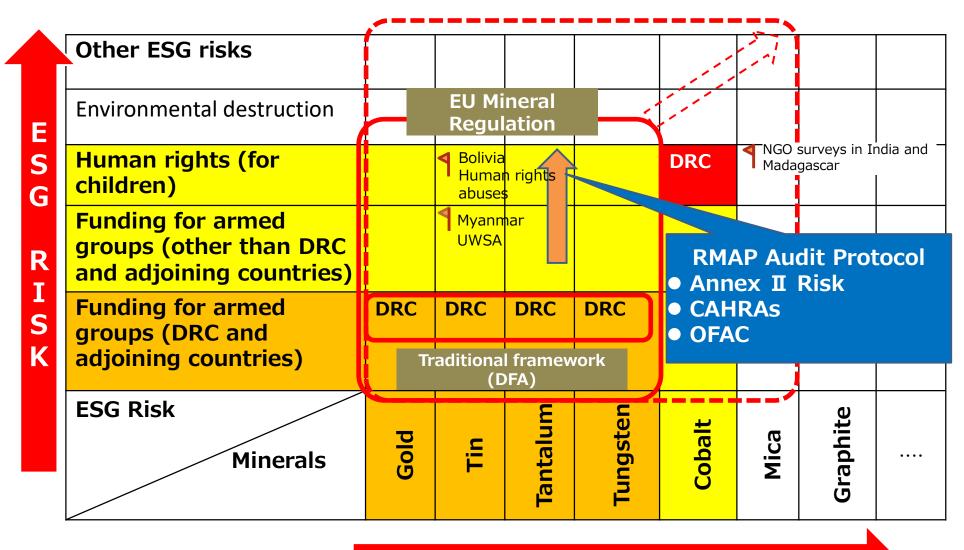
In addition, as of January 2019, the RMAP audit protocol has changed to the 2017 version of the standards for the minerals, risks and regions noted below. Smelters that cannot conform with these standards cannot acquire RMAP conformant status. If a smelter in your supply chain is no longer conformant, you may be asked by your customers to remove it from the supply chain. Make sure that you use the 2017 standards in your surveys.

	FY2013 version	FY2017 version
Minerals	3TG (Tantalum, Tin, Tungsten, Gold)	Unchanged
Risk	Source of funds for armed groups	OECD Annex II
Region	Covered countries (DRC+9)	CAHRAs

Accelerated initiatives toward responsible mineral sourcing



1. Conflict Minerals Survey: New Risks



Survey Targets

1. Conflict Minerals Survey: RMI SSN Status

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No. of Standard Smelter Names (SSN) recognized by RMI as of 13 May 2020 and their conformance status (does not cover all smelters in the world)

Tantalum

SSN total: 40 companies Conformant: 40 companies (100%) (No. of these conforming to new **RMAP standards: 21** Active: 0

Tungsten

SSN total: 53 companies Conformant: 43 companies (81%) (No. of these conforming to new **RMAP standards: 12** Active: 5

Tin

SSN total: 92 companies Conformant: 78 companies (85%) (No. of these conforming to new **RMAP standards: 15** Active: 1

Gold

AU SSN total: 167 companies Conformant: 107 companies (64%) (No. of these conforming to new **RMAP standards: 75** Active: 1

<u>The new standards</u> refer to the 2017 revisions to the RMAP standards, which have applied to all audits since January 2019 (3TG, OECD Annex II Risk, CAHRAs)

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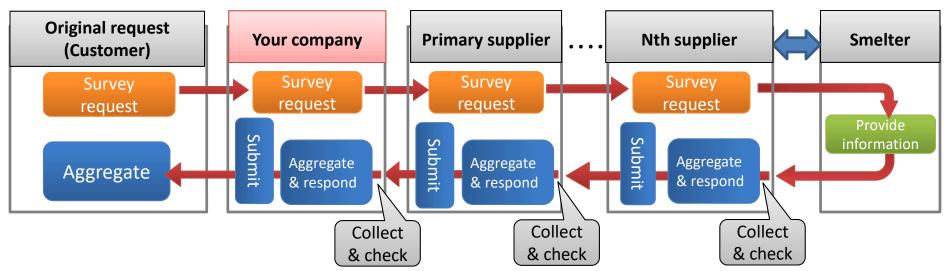
1. Conflict Minerals Survey: Survey Flow

Survey flow for companies downstream from smelters

- (1) Primary suppliers asked to fill in the CMRT
- ② CRMT survey requests move back up the supply chain
- ③ Survey requests reach smelters

Completed CMRT submission

- (4) Smelters submit to direct customers
- (5) Where necessary, companies aggregate multiple CMRTs to create their own CMRT for submission to direct customers
- 6 CMRT submitted to the customer/s who originally requested the survey

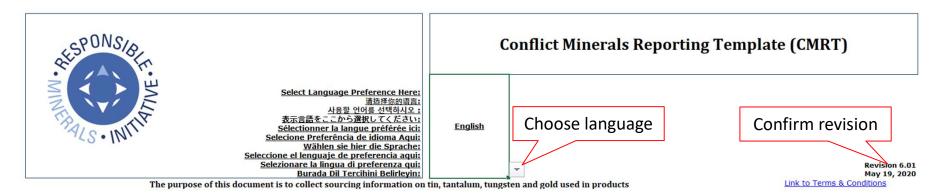


Direct transaction

2. CMRT Rev. 6.01 Outline: Structure

The CMRT comprises an 8-page Excel file:

Revision, Instructions, Definitions, Declaration, Smelter List, Checker, Product List, and Smelter Look-up



Mandatory fields are noted with an asterisk (*). Consult the instructions tab for guidance on how to answer each question.

	Company Information	
Company Name (*):	<u>):</u>	
Declaration Scope or Class (*):);	
Description of Scope:	e:	
Company Unique ID:	D:	
Company Unique ID Authority:	y:	
Address:	is:	
Contact Name (*):	j.	
Email - Contact (*):);	
Phone - Contact (*):	<u>)</u> :	
Authorizer (*):):	
Title - Authorizer:	JT:	
Email - Authorizer (*):		
Phone - Authorizer:		
Effective Date (*):):	
 Revision Instructions Definitions Declara	Tation Smelter List Checker Product List Smelter Look-up	(

You may fill in THREE sheets: Declaration, Smelter List, and Product List

2. CMRT Rev. 6.01 Outline: Role of Each Sheet

Role of each sheet

 Revision 	Record of revisions		
 Instructions 	Explanation of background and how to fill in the sheets		
 Definitions 	Definitions of terminology		
• <u>Declaration</u>	Company information (Q1-8 and A	H) < REQUIRED >	
<u>Smelter List</u>	List of smelters	< <u>WHERE NECESSARY</u> *1>	
• <u>Checker</u>	Checks whether all the necessary	information has been	
filled in		< <u>CHECK REQUIRED</u> *2>	
Product List	List of target products	< <u>WHERE NECESSARY</u> *3>	
Smelter Look-up	Smelter Look-up list ^{*4}		
	(List of smelters at the time of CN	/IRT issuance)	

Notes:

^{*1} Fill in for those metals to which you responded "Yes" for Q2

^{*2} Fill in any areas marked in red on the Checker Sheet

*³ Fill in where the scope is "B: Product"

^{*4} The latest list can be found on the RMI website.

* Please read the instructions and definitions before filling in the form.

2. Changes to CMRT Rev. 6.01

To comply with both the DFA and the EU Conflict Mineral Regulation, Revision 6.01^{*1} which was issued on 19 May 2020 features the following changes.

*1 Rev. 6.0 was initially issued on May 13,2020 but revised immediately due to bugs.

Declaration: (Compared to Rev. 5.12)

- In the company information section, the phone number of "Authorizer" of the declaration information is now optional rather than mandatory.
- "Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from conflict-affected and high-risk areas?" added as Q4. (Subsequent numbers moved down one.)
- > Question A has been changed to "responsible minerals sourcing policy".
- > The English text of Question B has been changed to "responsible minerals".
- Question C (on whether you asked your primary supplier/s to ensure that minerals are DRC conflict-free) has been removed. (Subsequent letters moved up one.)
- Question E becomes D and becomes "due diligence measures for responsible sourcing".
- Question I becomes H, "to SEC" has been deleted, and the options have been changed so that SEC and EU can be selected.

#2 Due Diligence (DD) = risk assessment

It refers to activities to make the supply chain transparent, check the origin of raw materials for the various types of risk noted earlier, check for violations, and correct any problems that are found. Checking and assessing CMRTs received from suppliers are also part of due diligence.

3. How to complete the CMRT:3.1 Composition of the Declaration Sheet

	Starter.	6	onflict Min	erals Reporting Template (CMRT)
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		tite Caricalium, Suite		
	Company Norm (*) Breduration loops of Clam (*)	entern Informatio		
(A)	Beeditatives house of Class (%) Beeditatives house of Scope.			
	Company Uto que ID: Company Uto que ID: Authority:			
	Abilitions Contract Norme (*) Kingel – Contract (*)			
	Plane - Contact (%) Authorizer (%)			
	Title - Authorizer, Kissel - Authorizer (*) Phone - Authorizer (*)			
	Annex: the following questions: () Is any 37% intentionally added or used in the preduct(s) or in the preduction present	1 - It based on the d	edatation eage t	ad cated allon o
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	Fin (*) Gold (*)			
	Tangelere (*)			
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	Gold (*) Tugotes (*)			
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	Tin (*) Gold (*)			
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	Tio (*) Gold (*)			
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	Gold (*) Tangoles (*)			
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	Tantalus (*)	Autor		Granaente
	Tin (*) Geld (*)			
	Tunpeten (*)			
	7) Have you identified all of the oscilters applying the 2HG to your apply claim? (7)	Autori		Contracto
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	Gold (*) Tungden (*)	-		
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		-		
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	B. Here you implemented, due diligners manages for requirable surrangl (*)			
-				
	E flow your company conduct Context Mereck correct(c) of your relevant supplier(c)?(5)			
	F. Ex-point retrieve dow-dispersive distinuition (nonewold frame your suppliers against your company's expectational (*).			
	G. Base your owner process include corrective action management? (*)			
	H is your company required to the an annual coeffect numeral declarated (*)		_	

The Declaration Sheet is composed of three blocks.

(A) 14 company information items

B 8 questions related to the status of your 3TG use (summary of primary supplier information)

© 8 questions related to your responsible sourcing policies and actions

Company Information		All items marked with an asterisk
Company Name (*):		must be completed (highlighted in
Declaration Scope or Class (*):		yellow)
Description of Scope:	A. CompanyB. Product (or List of Products)C. User defined [Specify in 'Description of scope']	Use the pulldown menu to choose from options A to C. The party making the report
Company Unique ID:		(your company) usually
Company Unique ID Authority:		decides the Description of
Address:		Scope, but in some cases it is
Contact Name (*):		decided by the customer.
Email – Contact (*):		
Phone – Contact (*):		
Authorizer (*):		
Title - Authorizer:		
Email - Authorizer (*):		DD-MMM-YYYY format Example: 01-May-2020
Phone - Authorizer:		
Effective Date (*):		

Applies to ALL your company's products	
Applies only to SOME of your products	
ightarrow Fill in the Product List Sheet (see next page)	
Applies within the scope defined by your company	
ightarrow Specify the product scope in the "Description of	
scope" field	
	 Applies only to SOME of your products → Fill in the Product List Sheet (see next page) Applies within the scope defined by your company → Specify the product scope in the "Description of

3. How to complete the CMRT:3.1 Declaration Sheet A Company Information

If you choose B. Product (or List of Products), the line "Go to Product List tab to enter products this declaration applies to" will appear as below, along with a "Click here" instruction under B. Product.

Company Information		
Company Name (*):		
Declaration Scope or Class (*):	B. Product (or List of Products)	
Go to Product List tab to enter products this declaration applies to	<u>Click here to enter the products this declaration applies to</u>	

Clicking as instructed will take you to the Product List Sheet, where you will fill in the manufacturer's product number, etc. (details overleaf).

New Sector	Click here to return to Decla	aration tab
Manufacturer's Product Number (*)	Manufacturer's Product Name	Comments
	© 2020 Responsible Minerals Initiative. All rig	ghts reserved.

For each question, choose the pulldown for each 3TG to answer. You do not need to answer for any metal for which you answered "No" to Q1. If you answered "Yes" to Q1 but "No" to Q2, you don't need to answer from Q3 onward.

	s 1 - 8 based on the declaration scope ind	icated above
) Is any 3TG intentionally added or used in the product(s) or in the production process? (*)	Answer	Comments
Tantalum (*)		
Tin (*)		1
Cold (*)		
Tungsten (*)		
Does any 3TG remain in the product(s)? (*)	Answer	Comments
Tantalum (*)		
Tin (*)		1
Gold (*)		
Tungsten (*)		
Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from the covered countries? (SEC		
rm, see definitions tab) (*)	Answer	Comments
Tantalum (*)		
Tin (*)		
Cold (*)		1
Tungsten (*)		
Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from conflict-affected and high-		
sk areas? (*) Tantalum (*)	Answer	Comments
Tin (*)		
Cold (*)		
Tungsten (*)		1
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- Is any 3TG intentionally added or used in the product(s) or in the production process?
- 2) Does any 3TG remain in the product(s)?
- 3) Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from the covered countries?
- 4) Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from conflict-affected and high-risk areas? (new question)
- 5) Does 100 percent of the 3TG (necessary to the functionality or production of your products) originate from recycled or scrap sources?
- 6) What percentage of relevant suppliers have provided a response to your supply chain survey?
- 7) Have you identified all of the smelters supplying the 3TG to your supply chain?
- 8) Has all applicable smelter information received by your company been reported in this declaration?

1) Is any 3TG intentionally added or used in the product(s) or in the production process?

- Yes Answer "Yes" if you intentionally add or use a 3TG because it is necessary to the functionality or production of a product, regardless of the amount.
- No Answer "No" if you do NOT intentionally add or use a 3TG, even if products include tracelevel 3TG contaminants.

If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT answers "Yes," your answer here must also be "Yes."
 If you answered "No," no further answers are necessary as of Q2 (option grayed out).

Examples of metals necessary to the <u>functionality or specifications</u> of a product:

- Products assembled from parts using gold or tungsten alloys
- Tin used as a coating or synthetic resin additive
- Stannane (a tin compound) used as a glass coating agent

Examples of metals necessary to production:

• Stannane used as a catalyst (in other words, tin)

• Float glass tin

• Tantalum compounds, etc., used as welding rods Exclusions:

• Production equipment is excluded because no 3TGs remain in the finished product. Tungsten carbide blades and drill bits used for cutting are production equipment and are therefore excluded.

• Packaging materials are not used as products by final customers and are therefore excluded.

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2) Does any 3TG remain in the product(s)?

- Yes If the 3TG remains in the product
- No If the 3TG does not remain in the product

If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT answers "Yes" in relation to any of the 3TGs, your answer here must also be "Yes."
 If you answered "Yes," you must fill in the Smelter List Sheet.

X If you answered "No," no further answers are necessary as of Q3 (option grayed out).

If a 3TG is added because it is necessary to the functionality or specifications of a product, it will obviously remain in the product, so you should answer "Yes."

If 3TGs such as tin used as a catalyst in the production process, float glass tin, and tantalum used as welding rod, remain in the product, the answer should be "Yes."

3) Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from the Covered Countries?

Yes	If any of the smelters in your supply chain sources from Covered Countries
No	If none of the smelters in your supply chain sources from Covered Countries
Unknown	If it is unclear whether smelters in your supply chain source from Covered Countries

X If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT answers "Yes" in relation to any of the 3TGs, your answer here must also be "Yes."

% Covered countries: DRC and the nine adjoining countries

Substantiate a "Yes" answer in the Comments section.

For example, if you know the smelter name and CID number, this can be used to determine the smelter's third-party certification status. If you also know the country of origin, an RCOI (Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry) can be undertaken.

If you have received a CMRT with a "Yes" answer to Question 3 with no substantiation in the Comments section, please ask for specific information to be added.

3) Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source the 3TG from the covered countries? (SEC term, see definitions tab) (*)	Answer	Comments
Tantalum (*)	No	
Tin (*)	Yes	CID987654(DRC), CID111111(Rwanda)
Gold (*)	Yes	CID123456, CID000999
Tungsten (*)	Yes	

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4) Do any of the smelters in your supply chain source from conflict-affected and high-risk areas?

Yes If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT sources from the CAHRAs
 The RMI stipulates that CAHRAs shall include, at a minimum, the Covered Countries, so if you answered "Yes" to Question 3, you should also answer "Yes" here.
 No If none of the smelters in your supply chain source from CAHRAs
 Unknown : If it unclear whether they source from CAHRAs
 (Until the EU releases a specific list of CAHRAs, unless the answer to Question 3 is "Yes," it is considered reasonable to answer "Unknown" here.)

※ If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT answers "Yes" in relation to any of the 3TGs, your answer here must also be "Yes."

X CAHRAs: Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas

Substantiate a "Yes" answer in the Comments section.

For example, if you know the smelter name and CID number, this can be used to determine the smelter's third-party certification status, and if you also know the country of origin, an RCOI (Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry) can be undertaken.

If you have received a CMRT with a "Yes" answer to Question 4 with no substantiation in the Comments section, please ask for specific information to be added.

5) Does 100 percent of the 3TG (necessary to the functionality or production of your

products) originate from recycled or scrap sources?

YesIf 100% of the 3TG comes from recycled or scrap sourcesNoIf some of the 3TG comes from natural (mined) resourcesUnknownUnclear whether 100% of the 3TG comes from recycled or
scrap sources

※ If even one of the suppliers from which you have received a CMRT answers "No" in relation to any of the 3TGs, your answer here must also be "No." If they all answer "Yes," your answer will be "Yes."

6) What percentage of relevant suppliers have provided a response to your supply chain survey?

Choose one of the following options according to the percentage of conflict mineral disclosures received from all direct suppliers.

- 100%
- Greater than 90%
- Greater than 75%
- Greater than 50%
- 50% or less
- None

※ Regardless of CMRT Question 6 answers received from suppliers

Suppliers excluded from the scope of the CMRT

- Suppliers of equipment, tools, consumables, and other products outside the scope of the CMRT
- Suppliers of parts and materials which clearly do not contain 3TGs

Note: Surveys must be continued until the response rate is 100%.

7) Have you identified all of the smelters supplying the 3TG to your supply chain?

- Yes If you have identified all of these smelters
- No If you have not identified even one supplier supplying the 3TG to your supply chain

You can only answer "Yes" if you meet all four of the conditions below:

- ① You have received CMRTs from all the relevant suppliers (=your answer to Q6 was 100%).
- ② The answer to Q6 in all the CMRTs you received was 100%.
- ③ The answer to Q7 in all the CMRTs you received was "Yes."
- ④ The answer to Q8 in all the CMRTs you received was "Yes."

X If you answered "No" to this question (i.e., you cannot identify all of the relevant smelters), you may be asked by customers to work toward being able to give a "Yes" answer, and to give a timeframe for that.

8) Has all applicable smelter information received by your company been reported in this declaration?

- Yes You have reported all applicable smelter information received by your company
- No You have not reported some of the applicable smelter information received by your company

X Unrelated to Question 8 answers to received from suppliers

The answer will usually be "Yes," but it may be "No" if you have not reported all the applicable information because of an obligation to protect supplier confidentiality, etc.

Choose the pulldown to answer each of the eight questions on your company's policies and actions in relation to responsible minerals sourcing.

Q	u	e	S	ti	0	n

A. Have you established a responsible minerals sourcing policy? (*)

B. Is your responsible minerals sourcing policy publicly available on your website? (Note – If yes, the user shall specify the URL in the comment field.) (*)

C. Do you require your direct suppliers to source the 3TG from smelters whose due diligence practices have been validated by an independent third party audit program? (*)

D. Have you implemented due diligence measures for responsible sourcing? (*)

E. Does your company conduct Conflict Minerals survey(s) of your relevant supplier(s)? (*)

F. Do you review due diligence information received from your suppliers against your company's expectations? (*)

G. Does your review process include corrective action management? (*)

H. Is your company required to file an annual conflict minerals disclosure? (*)

Question C from Rev. 5.12 has been deleted. Changes are marked in red.

Unrelated to disclosures received from suppliers

A. Have you established a responsible minerals sourcing policy?

- B. Is your responsible minerals sourcing policy publicly available on your website?
- C. Do you require your direct suppliers to be DRC conflict-free? —(@Rev.5.12)
- C. Do you require your direct suppliers to source the 3TG from smelters whose due diligence practices have been validated by an independent third party audit program?
- D. Have you implemented due diligence measures for responsible sourcing?
- E. Does your company conduct Conflict Minerals survey(s) of your relevant supplier(s)?
- F. Do you review due diligence information received from your suppliers against your company's expectations?
- G. Does your review process include corrective action management?
- H. Is your company required to file an annual conflict minerals disclosure? ("with the SEC" deleted. Change option.)

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A. Have you established a responsible minerals sourcing policy?

Yes If your company has established a responsible minerals sourcing policy

No If your company has NOT established a responsible minerals sourcing policy

To answer "Yes," your responsible minerals sourcing policy must cover all the elements below and at a minimum include those items in brackets.

- * Metals covered (3TG)
- * Risks covered (OECD Annex II risk)
- * Regions covered (CAHRAs)
- * Response when a risk is identified

B. Is your responsible minerals sourcing policy publicly available on your website? (Note – If yes, the user shall specify the URL in the comment field.)

Yes If your responsible minerals sourcing policy is publicly available on your website

No If you have no website or your responsible minerals sourcing policy is not up on your website

C. Do you require your direct suppliers to source the 3TG from smelters whose due diligence practices have been validated by an independent third party audit program?

- Yes If, in the form of your company's policies, a written sourcing request, or an e-mail request, etc., you require your direct suppliers to source from smelters whose due diligence practices have been validated by an independent third party audit program
- No If you do not require this from or clearly indicate this to your direct (primary) suppliers.
 - * Independent third party audit programs include the following: London Bullion Market Association (LBMA), Responsible Jewellery Council (RJC)

Some customers press for all smelters in the supply chain to be RMAP conformant and strongly urge for any smelters that fail to do so to be removed from the supply chain.

If the CMRTs you receive from suppliers note non-RMAP conformant smelters, we recommend going through the supply chain to notify these smelters of the above and urge them to acquire conformant status.

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D. Have you implemented due diligence measures for responsible sourcing?

Yes If you have implemented due diligence measures such as the examples below No If you have not implemented due diligence measures

Examples of measures:

Highlighting and assessing risks from CMRTs received from suppliers
 ⇒ E.g., ranking rates of receipt of CMRTs and the precision of smelter list
 information, etc.

Creating and implementing strategies for dealing with identified risks

⇒ E.g., determining and implementing action rules based on the status of responses to Questions A-H.

• Prior written confirmation and agreement with suppliers on actions that will be taken when a connection with armed groups is identified.

※ Due diligence = Risk assessment

Activities to make the supply chain transparent, check the origin of raw materials for the various types of risk noted earlier, check for violations, and correct any problems that are found.

E. Does your company conduct Conflict Minerals survey(s) of your relevant supplier(s)?

Yes (IPC-1755)	If you conduct conflict minerals surveys of your relevant suppliers using the CMRT format
Yes (other format)	If you conduct conflict minerals surveys of your relevant suppliers in a format other than the CMRT (describe in the Comments field)
Νο	If you do not collect conflict minerals due diligence information from your suppliers

IPC-1755: A standard establishing the requirements for exchanging data between suppliers and their customers in regard to the responsible sourcing of minerals

F. Do you review due diligence information received from your suppliers against your company's expectations?

Yes If you have a process for reviewing CMRTs (due diligence information) received from suppliers

No If you do not review CMRTs (due diligence information) received from suppliers

Review process examples:

- Review the accuracy and completeness of supplier CMRTs.
- Review whether suppliers have a responsible minerals sourcing policy based on their responses to Questions C-H.
- Assess the certification status of smelters on the Smelter List.

✓ Point:

It is important not just to collect supplier responses but to check the content of the responses received. If you think there is a risk, you should go back up the supply chain or use the Internet to check this.

G. Does your review process include corrective action management?

Yes If you have the kind of corrective action management process noted below

No If you don't have a corrective action management process

Examples of corrective action management:

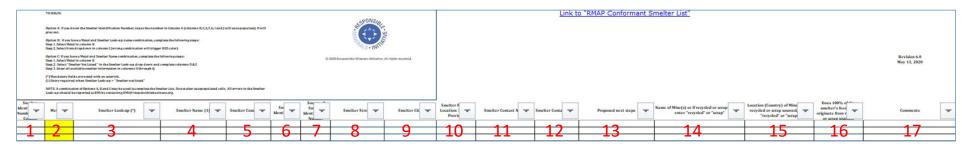
- If a supplier does not have a responsible minerals sourcing policy, encouraging them to develop one.
- If a smelter on the Smelter List is not RMAP-conformant, go up the supply chain to encourage them to ask for an RMAP audit.
- If a supplier scores poorly in your CMRT review process as noted in Question F, ask the supplier to address those issues.

H. Is your company required to file an annual conflict minerals disclosure?

Yes, with the SEC	If you are listed on the SEC (US Securities and
	Exchange Commission)
Yes, with the EU	If your company falls within the scope of the
	EU Conflict Mineral Regulation
Yes, with the SEC and EU	If you are required to report to both the SEC
	and the EU
Νο	If you are required to report to neither

3. How to complete the CMRT: 3.2 Smelter List Sheet –Structure–

On the Smelter List, you enter information on all smelters in your supply chain. The sheet comprises 17 items.



- 1. Smelter Identification Number Input Field
- 2. Metal (*)
- 3. Smelter Look-Up (*)
- 4. Smelter Name (1)
- 5. Smelter Country (*)
- 6. Smelter Identification
- 7. Source of Smelter Identification Number
- 8. Smelter Street
- 9. Smelter City
 - (*) Compulsory fields

- 10. Smelter Facility Location: State / Province
- 11. Smelter Contact Name
- 12. Smelter Contact Email
- 13. Proposed next steps
- 14. Name of Mine(s) or if recycled or scrap sourced, enter "recycled" or "scrap"
- 15. Location (Country) of Mine(s) or if recycled or scrap sourced, enter "recycled" or "scrap"
- 16. Does 100% of the smelter's feedstock originate from recycled or scrap sources?
- 17. Comments

3. How to complete the CMRT: 3.2 Smelter List Sheet – Preparation –

Before filling in the Smelter List, please make the following preparations:

- ✓ List all the smelters from which you have received CMRTs
- ✓ Use CID numbers, etc., to remove duplications (name identification)
- ✓ If your list containers non-SSN smelters without CID numbers, check on their website, etc., that they really are operating smelters (due diligence)
- ✓ Delete trading companies and other businesses which are clearly not smelters

In some cases, smelters that were SSNs may have become non-SSNs. For example, they may have:

- Ceased to operate as a smelter
- Amalgamated with another smelter
- Been discovered not to be a smelter

The SSNs on the Smelter Look-up Sheet are as at the time of CMRT issuance, and there are some cases where the RMI has subsequently recognized a smelter as an SSN and given it a CID number (you can check this on the RMI website). Even in these cases, for the purposes of this CMRT, the smelter will be deemed "Smelter not listed."

3. How to complete the CMRT: 3.2 Smelter List Sheet – Data Entry–

① If you already know the CID number

When you enter the CID number into Field A, Fields B, C, E, F, G, I, and J will be automatically populated.

We recommend copying and pasting CID numbers into Field A.

A	В	с	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
	TO BEGIN:						45RONSIB		
	Option A: If you know the Smelter Identification Number, input the number in Column A (columns B, C, E, F, G, I and J will auto-populate); D will grey out. Option B: If you have a Metal and Smelter Look-up name combination, complete the following steps:								
	Step 1. Select Met: Step 2. Select from	al in column B n dropdown in column C (wrong combination will trig	ger RED color)				PALS . INITIP		
	Step 1. Select Met Step 2: Select "Sm	ave a Metal and Smelter Name combination, complete th al in column B elter Not Listed" in the Smelter Look-up drop down and vailable smelter information in columns H through Q				© 2	020 Responsible Minerals Initiative.	All rights reserved.	
	(") Mandatory fields are noted with an asterisk. (1) Entry required when Smelter Look-up = "Smelter not listed"								
		tion of Options A, B and C may be used to complete the should be reported to RMI by contacting RMI@responsi		ells. All errors in the					
Smelter Identification Number In Column	Metal (*)	Smelter Look-up (*) 👻	Smelter Name (1)	Smelter Country (*)	Smelter Identificat	Source of Smelter Identificat	Smelter Street	Smelter City	Smelter Facility Location: State / Province
CID001200	Tantalum	NPM Silmet AS		ESTONIA	CID001200	RMI		Sillamäe	Ida-Virumaa
		1							

Enter the CID number here Fields B, C, E, F, G, I, and J will be populated automatically

3. How to complete the CMRT:3.2 Smelter List Sheet –Data Entry–

② If you don't know the CID number

If you select a metal in Field B and chose the appropriate smelter name in Field C, Fields E, F, G, I, and J will be populated automatically.

You can also copy and paste into Fields B and C, but if the data in Field C does not exactly match the data in the Smelter Look-up field on the Smelter Look-up Sheet, Fields E, F, G, I, and J will not be populated automatically even if it is the right SSN (CID number).

③ If there is no selection option in Field C (non-SSN smelter)

Once you have selected the metal in Field B, select "Smelter not listed" in Field C, and enter the smelter name in Field D and the smelter country in Field E. All these fields are compulsory, but please also populate Fields H-P to the best of your ability.

④ If you cannot identify the smelter

Select the metal in Field B and chose "Smelter not yet identified" in Field C.

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
	Smelter Identification Number In Column	Metal (*)	Smelter Look-up (*) 🔻	Smelter Name (1)	Smelter Country (*)	Smelter Identificat	Source of Smelter Identificat Number	Smelter Street	Smelter City	Smelter Facility Location: State / Province
2		Tantalum	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.		JAPAN	CID000092	RMI		Tamura	Fukushima
3		Gold	Smelter not listed	ABCDEF	CANADA		Enter smelter details			
4		Tin	Smelter not yet identified	×	Unknown					

3. How to complete the CMRT: 3.2 Smelter List Sheet – Data Entry–



If your Declaration Scope or Class is **B**. **Product (or List of Products)**, you must complete the **Product List**.

Completion required only if reporting level "Product (or List of Products)" selected on the 'Declaration' worksheet.							
STORE STORE	Click here to return to Decla						
Manufacturer's Product Number (*)	Manufacturer's Product Name	Comments					

Manufacturer's Product Number (compulsory): Enter the product numbers for the relevant products Manufacturer's Product Name: Enter the product name

Comments: Enter comments where necessary

3. How to complete the CMRT: 3.4 Checker Sheet

After completing the Declaration Sheet, Smelter List Sheet, and Product List Sheet, please use the Checker Sheet to check that you have populated all the necessary fields.

A To ensure all required fields have b <u>Click here to return to Declaration tab</u> Required Fields	B been populated before submitting to your customers rev <u>Click here to return to Smelter List</u> Answer provided	C view form for any line items highlighted in red Click here to return to Product List Notes	D Required fields remaining to be completed 46 Hyperlink to source
Company Name (*):	ABCDEF	Complete	
Declaration Scope or Class (*):	A. Company Complete->	Complete	
Description of Scope:	2 -	Complete	
Contact Name (*):	Incomplete→	Provide contact name in Declaration tab cell D15	Click here to enter Contact Name
Email – Contact (*):		Provide a valid email for contact in Declaration tab cell D16	Click here to enter Email-Contact
Phone – Contact (*):	81-3-123-4567	Complete	
Authonzer (*):		Provide authorized company representative contact name in Declaration tab cell D18	<u>Click here to enter an Authorized Company</u> Representative's name
Revision Instructions	Definitions Declaration Smelte	er List Checker Product List Smelt	er Look-up 🛛 🕀
		1	

1 Select Checker Sheet to confirm your data entry.

2 Areas in green are complete; areas in red are incomplete.

③ When the "Required fields remaining to be completed" value is 0, your data entry is complete.

RMI Home Page

http://www.responsiblemineralsinitiative.org/

Here you can access the following information (as at 13 May 2020)

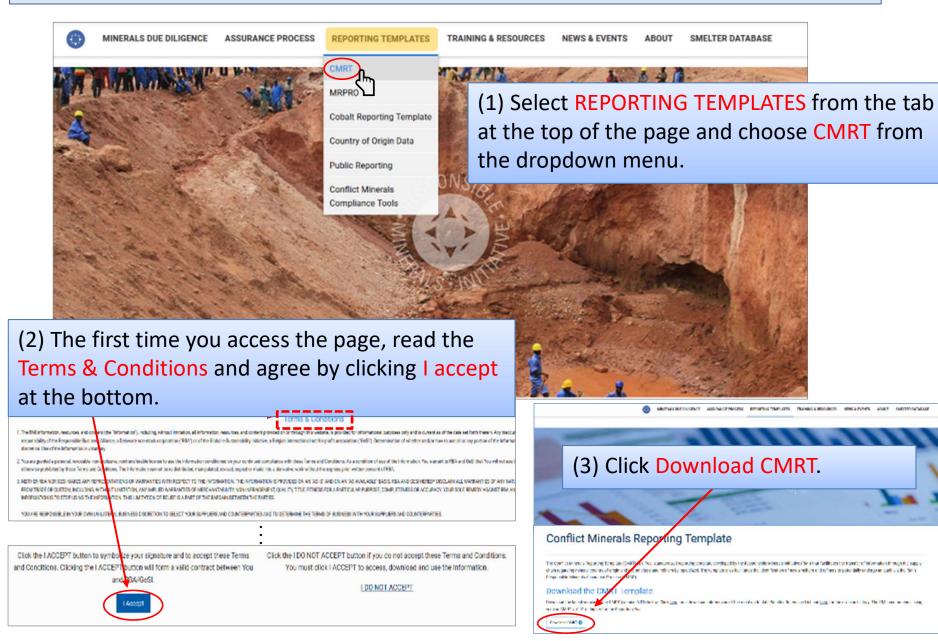
 The latest version of the CMRT

2 List of SSNs (Standard Smelter Names) and their conformance status

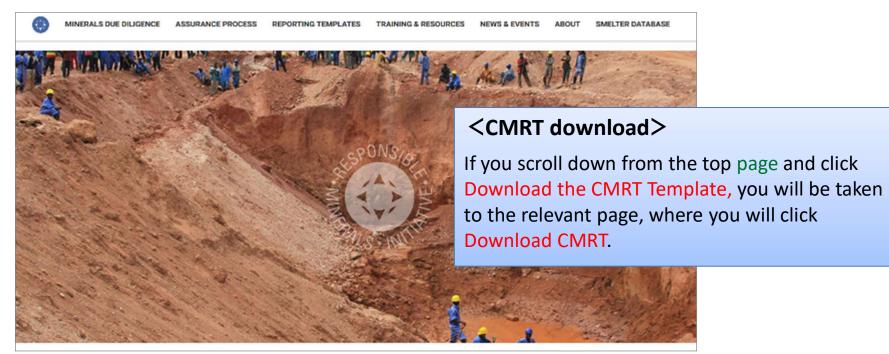
- a. Download all SSNs
- b. SSN revision history
- c. Download only Conformant Smelters or Active Smelters
- d. Smelters covered under the Extended Corrective Action Plan (ECAP)
- e. Conformant Smelters conformance standards
- ③ Meaning of RMAP audit status terminology

4. RMI Website: Outline





4. RMI Website: CMRT Template Download

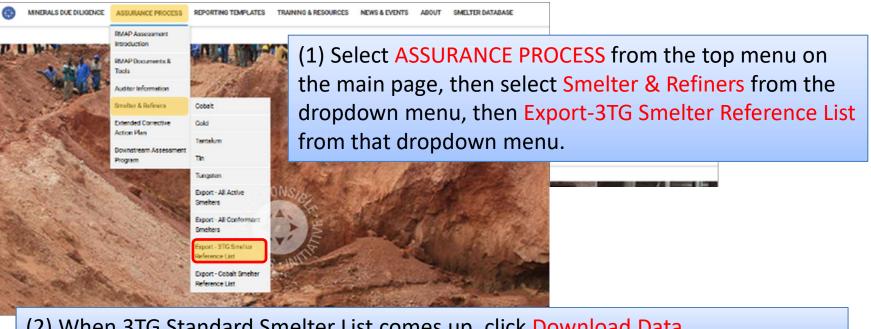


Scroll down
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4. RMI Website: SSN

② SSN list and revision history②(a) Download all SSNs



(2) When 3TG Standard Smelter List comes up, click Download Data.

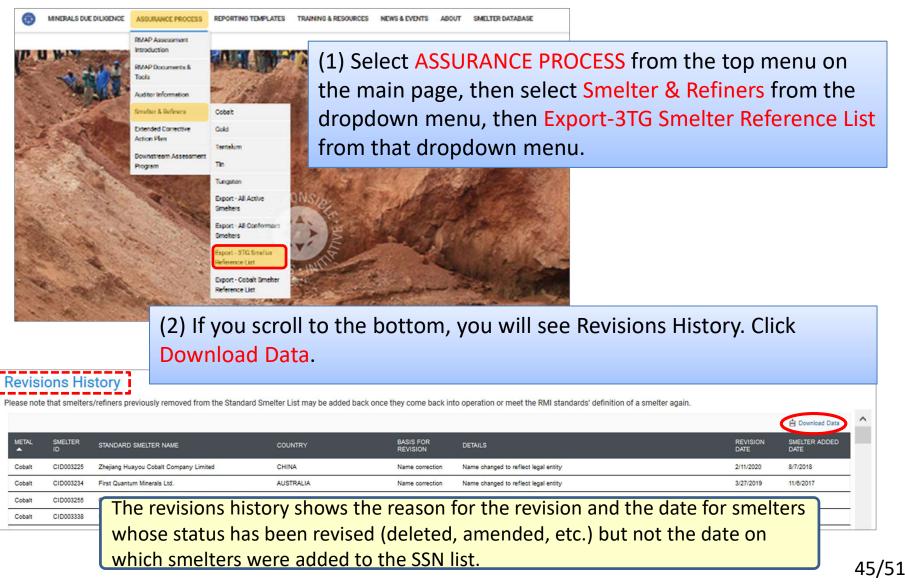
Expo	rt the Smelter Reference Lis	The most recent SSN list will appear, but			• •			
The following list represents the RMI's latest smelter name / a las information. The presence of a smelter here is NOT a guarantee that it is currently Active or Conformant with Please refer to the RMI active and <u>conformant</u> lists for the most current and accurate list of standard smelter names that are Active or Conformant.					this does not specify whether smelters are conformant or active.			ier smelters
316 31	andard Smelter List					🔒 Doveloed Deta	^	
NETN	SMELTER REFERENCE	STANDARD SMELTER NAME	COUNTRY	SMR.TER ID		STATE PROVINCE		
04.61	NEW KITA	X8.0 Kp.N	HDN Y	010 6/30	Point.	Leicherter		
Gold	Abington Reldan Metals, LLC	Abingson Reldan Meralis, LLC	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	C DOE2708	Fairless Hills	Peeneylvania		
Guat	Advanced Directori Campany	Ally a seried Densing Campany	UNITED STATES OF AVER CA.	0.000016	Maryan .	Shoke Hand		
Gold	African Gold Refinery	African Gold Refinery	UCANDA	C D002/05	Erable	Wakao		



4. RMI Website: SSN

② SSN list and revisions history

(2) (b) SSN revisions history

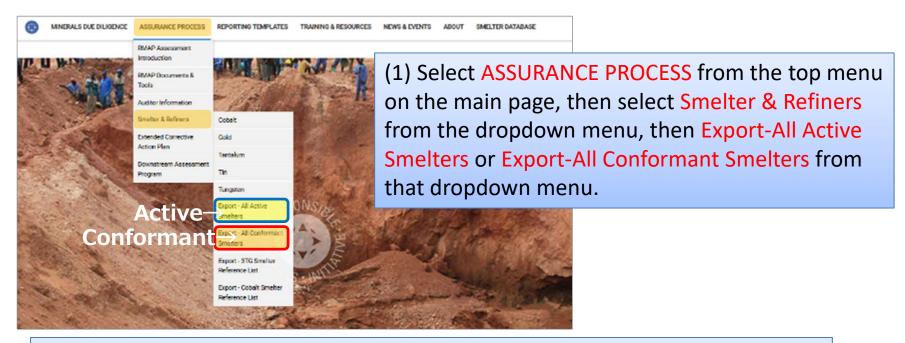


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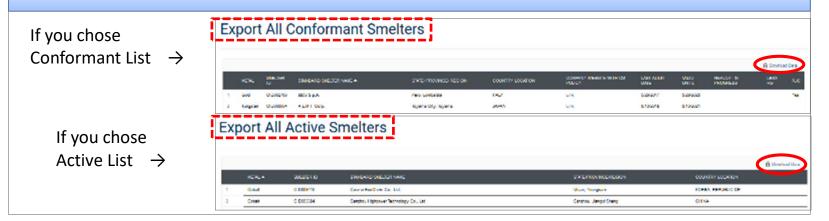
4. RMI Website: SSN

② SSN list and revisions history

(2) (c) Download those SSNs which are Conformant Smelters or Active Smelters



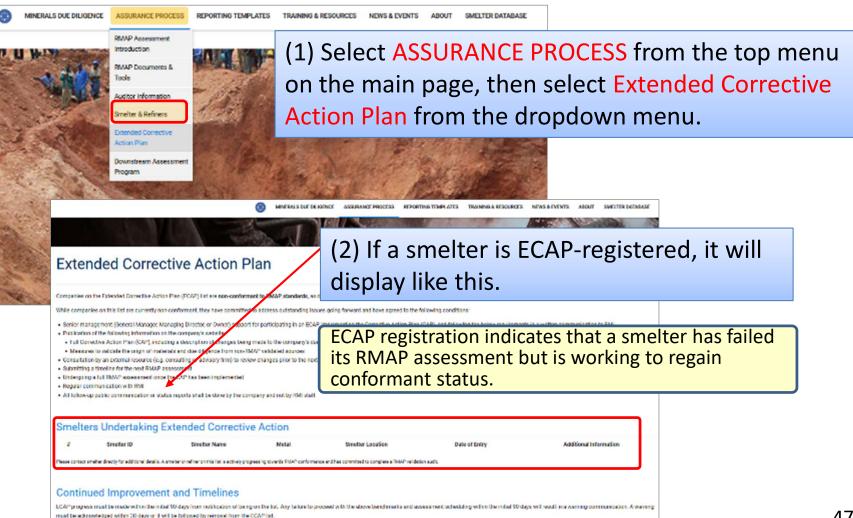
(2) When the smelter list you have chosen appears, click Download Data.



4. RMI Website: SSN

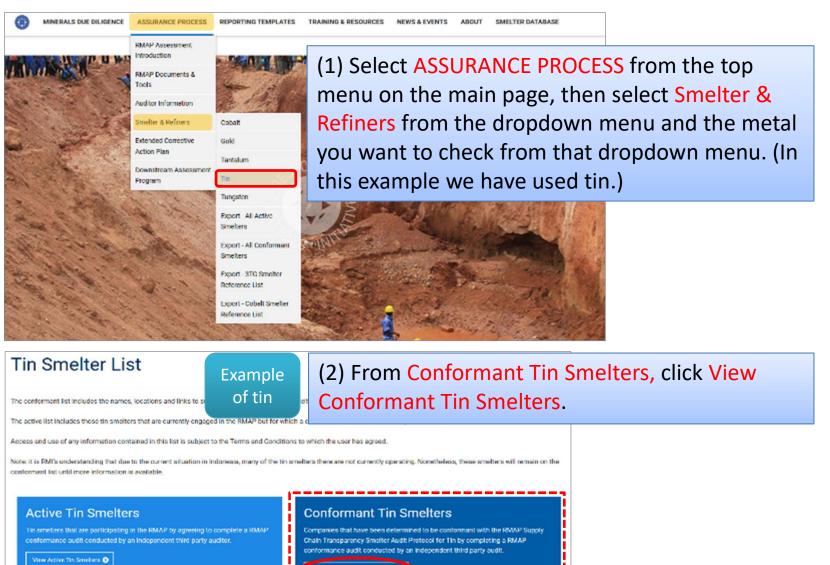
② SSN list and revisions history

(2) (d) Checking smelters registered for an Extended Corrective Action Plan (ECAP)



4. RMI Website: RMI standards

(2) (e) How to check RMI standards for Conformant Smelters



4. RMI Website: RMI standards

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(3) Choose from the list the smelter that you want to check and click Link to get to the ASSESSMENT SUMMARY REPORT.

С	onfc	ormant Tin	Smelters					xample of Tin
	SMELTER ID	STANDARD SMELTER NAME	STATE/ PROVINCE/ REGION	COUNTRY LOCATION	SUPPLY CHAIN POLICY	DUE DILIGENCE REPORT	ASSESSMENT SUMMARY REPORT	LAST ASSESSMENT DATE
1	CID000292	Alpha	Altoona, Pennsylvania	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	Link			5/7/2018
2	CID000228	Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	Chenzhou, Hunan Sheng	CHINA	Link		Link	7/10/2018
3	CID003190	Chifeng Dajingzi Tin Industry Co., Ltd.	Chifeng, Nei Mongol Zizhiqu	CHINA	Link	<mark>₩ "Link</mark> "	appears only	for those

smelters for which there is a report



4. RMI Website: Terminology Explanation

③ RMAP status terminology

www.responsiblemineralsinitiative.org/members/database-field-definitions/

Status	Description
Conformant	Audited and found conformant with the relevant RMAP standard
ECAP	Extended Corrective Action Plan
Active	Engaged in the program but not yet conformant
In Communication	Not yet active but in communication with RMAP and/or member company
Outreach Required	Outreach needed by RMI member companies to contact entity and encourage their participation in RMAP audit
Non-Conformant	Audited but found not conformant with the relevant RMAP standard
Eligible	Meets the definition of a smelter/refiner; included in the CMRT Standard Smelter List
Not Applicable	Not eligible for the RMAP

Annex: Conflict Mineral Survey Abbreviations

Abbreviation	English				
3TG	Tantalum, Tin, Tungsten, Gold				
ASM	Artisanal and Small-scale Mining				
CAHRAs	Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas				
CCCMC	China Chamber of Commerce for Importers & Exporters for Minerals, Metals & Chemicals				
CI	Cobalt Institute				
CMRT	Conflict Minerals Reporting Template				
CRT	Cobalt Reporting Template				
DD	Due Diligence				
DFA	Dodd–Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act				
DRC	Democratic Republic of the Congo				
ECAP	Extended Corrective Action Plan				
GeSI	Global e-Sustainability Initiative				
IPC	Association Connecting Electronics Industries				
iTSCi	IRTI Tin Supply Chain Initiative				
ITU	International Telecommunication Union				
LBMA	London Bullion Market Association				
LME	The London Metal Exchange				
LSM	Large-Scale Mining				
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development				
OFAC	Office of Foreign Assets Control				
RBA	Responsible Business Alliance (changed from EICC)				
RCI	Responsible Cobalt Initiative				
RCOI	Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry				