

Technical Report of Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association

JEITA EDR-7713

Design guideline of clamshell type socket for Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array and Fine-pitch Land Grid Array (FBGA/FLGA)

Established in June, 2002

Prepared by Technical Standardization Committee on Semiconductor Device Package

Published by Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association

> 11, Kanda-Surugadai 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0062, Japan Printed in Japan

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Design guideline of clamshell type socket for Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array and Fine-pitch Land Grid Array (FBGA/FLGA)

1. Scope of Application

This technical report defines the outline drawing and dimensions of the clamshell type socket which can solder to through hole on the board by same arrangement of Socket and Package Terminal Positions out of the test and burn-in sockets applied to the fine-pitch ball grid array package ("FBGA" hereafter) and fine-pitch land grid array package ("FLGA" hereafter) provided in **EIAJ EDR-7316A** [Design guideline of Integrated Circuits for Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array and Fine-pitch Land Grid Array].

2. Definition of Technical Terms

The main terms used in this technical report shall conform to those defined in the **EIAJ ED-7300** [Recommended practice on standard for the preparation of outline drawings of semiconductor packages] and **EIAJ ED-7701** [Glossary of socket for BGA, LGA, FBGA and FLGA]. The new terms not included therein shall be defined in the text of this technical report.

3. Background

This technical report aims to standardize the outer dimensions of the sockets for FBGA and FLGA, where more attention is currently paid, to establish their compatibility as the need for the surface mount type rapidly increased due to enhanced functions and performance of electrical devices.

For defining each dimension, the object was to indicate the design standard value that is the concept of the design center as much as possible, aiming to enhance the function as a standardization index.

4. Socket Code

4.1 Construction of Socket Code

Socket Code is constructed as follows:



Example

| SFB | - | CX | - | 2120AB | - | 1616 | - | 080 |
|-----|---|----|---|--------|---|------|---|-----|
| | | | | | | | | |

4.2 Symbols

(1) Semiconductor sockets symbol

The symbol for socket shall be expressed in 3 letters. The first letter, "S" refers to socket and the rest to the package code. FBGA shall be expressed as "FB", FLGA shall be expressed as "FL".

(2) Socket Type Symbol

The symbol for Socket Type shall be expressed in 2 letters. The first letter "C" refers to clamshell type and the rest remains option. Open-top type socket is referred to as "T".

(3) Socket nominal dimension symbol

The symbol of socket type shall be expressed in 6 letters, which are 4 numeric letters and 2 alphabetical letters. First 4 numeric letters comply with nominal dimension E x D which refers to applicable maximum width and length of FBGA/FLGA package.

The last 2 alphabetical letters refers to socket base terminal row number either an even or an odd.

It refers to an odd contact row by "A" and an even contact row by "B" in order socket width direction and next socket length direction.

Namely, it refers to "AA" in case row number is an odd at both for width and length direction, "BB" in case row number is an even at both for width and length direction, "AB" in case row number is an odd at width direction and an even at length direction and "BA" in case row number is an even at width direction and an odd at length direction.

(4) Number of terminal arrays

The symbol for number of terminal arrays shall be expressed by 4 numeric letter applying applicable package terminal row number expressed in ME x MD

(5) Terminal pitch

The symbol for terminal pitch of applicable package shall be expressed in 3 numeric letters.

A decimal [.] is omitted.

5. Terminal Number

Terminal number is provided with following manner when socket is viewed with angle from topside. The horizontal row nearest to the index corner when the index is placed on the left –topside is referred to A. As the row moves down, the number changes in order of B, C, AA, AB.

1 is defined for the vertical row nearest to the index corner. As the row moves rightward, the number is increases 2, 3, Terminal number is combined with these alphabets and numbers and expressed as A1 or B1. I, O, Q, S, X and Z are not used as symbol for horizontal row.

6. Nominal Dimensions

In this technical report, maximum nominal dimension of the package (E x D) applicable with a socket is used as the nominal dimension of the socket.

7. Reference Symbols and Schematics

7.1 Outline Drawings

Outline drawings of the socket are shown in Figure 1 and that for applicable package is in Figure 2.



- **Notes** (') Indicates mounting plane. Mounting plane is defined by the plane where the socket contacts its mounting surface.
 - (²) Stipulates true geometric position of the terminals.
 - (³) Indicates positional tolerance of the index mark. Index mark should be completely within the shaded area.
 - (⁴) Terminal diameter is defined as the maximum diameter of a circle circumscribed about a vertical projection of the terminal from the mounting plane.

Figure 2



7.2 Reference Symbols and Schematics of Recommended Socket Mounting Pattern on Printed Circuit Board

The drawing of the recommended socket mounting pattern on printed circuit board is shown in **Figure 3** for reference in printed circuit board designing.



Figure 3

7.3 Overall Dimensions

Table 1

| | | | | | Unit: mm |
|---------------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Name | Reference symbol | Stipu | lations | Recommended value | Supplement |
| Socket | ExD | (1) This value is based on the nominal | | - | Table 2 |
| Nominal | | dimensions of conform | mable FBGA and | | |
| dimension | | FLGA to the socket | | | |
| | | (2) Nominal dimensions | are listed below. | | |
| | | 9×9, 13×13, 17×17 | 7, 21×21 | | |
| Socket length | L | Socket length: L nomina | al defined. | - | Table 2 |
| | | L = Socket Nominal dim | ension plus20.0 | | |
| Socket width | W | Socket width: W nomina | al defined | - | Table 2 |
| | | W = Socket Nominal dir | mension plus12.0 | | |
| Socket height | A | Amax = 25.4 | | - | |
| Maximum socket lengh | L ₁ | L1max= L + 5.0 | | - | |
| Base lengh | L ₂ | L ₂ max = L | | | |
| Base width | W2 | W ₂ max = W | | - | |
| Seating plane Height | A ₂ | A ₂ max = 16.0 | | 12.0 | |
| Maximum | A4 | A₄max = A | | _ | |
| socket height | | | | | |
| Maximum | As | Maximum height with open lid: As max defined | | - | |
| height with | | Nominal | A₅max | | |
| open lid | | dimension | | | |
| | | 9 ×9 | 49.0 | | |
| | | 13×13 | 53.0 | | |
| | | 17×17 | 57.0 | | |
| | | <u>21×21</u> | 61.0 | | |
| Latch moving distance | L ₃ | L₃max=5.0 | | - | |
| Hinge side lenath from | L4 | Hinge side length from s | socket center : L₄max | - | |
| socket center | | Nominal | Lamax | | |
| | | dimension | | | |
| | | 9×9 | 16.0 | | |
| | | 13×13 | 18.0 | | |
| | | 17×17 | 20.0 | | |
| | | 21×21 | 22.0 | | |
| Lid open angle | θ | θ =95° to 110° | | - | |
| Terminal distance | е | e=0.80 e=0.65 e=0.5 | 50 e=0.40 | - | |

| Name | Reference symbol | Stipulations | Recommended value | Supplement |
|---|---------------------|--|----------------------|------------|
| Terminal length | A ₂ | A ₂ =0.7to6.3 | - | |
| Terminal diameter | Φb | Maximum distance of the terminal cross section e \$\phi\$ bmax 0.80 0.28 0.65 0.21 0.50 0.20 0.40 0.19 | - | |
| Number of Alignment pin (inside) | N ₁ | n ₁ = 0, 2, 3, 4 (either one to be selected) | - | |
| Number of Alignment pin (outside) | N ₂ | $n_2=$ 0, 2, 3, 4 (either one to be selected) | - | |
| Alignment pin Length | F | Fmin=1.0 | - | |
| Distance between Alignment pin in L dimension (inside) | SL1 | S _{L1} nom=Socket nominal dimension plus5.0 | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between Alignment pin in W dimension (inside) | Sw1 | Sw1nom=Socket nominal dimension plus5.0 | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between Alignment pin in L dimension (outside) | S∟₂ | S∟₂nom=Socket nominal dimension plus9.0 | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between Alignment pin in W dimension (outside) | Sw2 | Sw2nom=Socket nominal dimension plus9.0 | - | Table 2 |
| Alignment pin diameter (inside) | ΦB_1 | ΦB ₁ max=1.5 | - | |
| Alignment pin diameter (outside) | ΦB2 | ΦB₂max=2.0 | - | |
| Center terminal position in L-direction | SL | When M_L is an odd number, $S_L = 0$ When M_L is an even number, $S_L = e / 2$ | - | |

| Name | Reference symbol | Stipulations | Recommended value | Supplement |
|---|---------------------|---|-------------------|------------|
| Center terminal position in W-direction | Sw | When M_W is an odd number, $S_W = 0$ When M_W is an even number, $S_W = e / 2$ | - | |
| Number of terminals | n | Maximum terminal number and its matrix number shall be equal to number which are specified in | - | |
| Matrix size in L-direction | ML | EIAJ EDR-7316A . Matrix ray out with partially depopulated terminal is | | |
| Matrix size in W-direction | Mw | accepted. | | |
| Package setting direction | | Direction of shifting for Package Insertion. This is to provide the direction of package shifting in order to ensure uniformity when fitting a package to a socket that has a larger terminal matrix than the package, when that package has an odd number of rows less than the socket. The direction of shifting shall be upper left. | - | |

Table 2

| Unit: mm | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|--|----|-------------------------|------|
| Package outline | | Socket nominal dimension plus E x D | | Socket length and width | |
| D | Е | D | Е | L | W |
| 1.50 | 1.50 | | | | |
| 2.00 | 2.00 | | | | |
| 2.50 | 2.50 | | | | |
| 3.00 | 3.00 | | | | |
| 3.50 | 3.50 | | | | |
| 4.00 | 4.00 | | | | |
| 4.50 | 4.50 | | | | |
| 5.00 | 5.00 | 0 | 0 | 20.0 | 21.0 |
| 5.50 | 5.50 | 9 | 9 | 29.0 | 21.0 |
| 6.00 | 6.00 | | | | |
| 6.50 | 6.50 | | | | |
| 7.00 | 7.00 | | | | |
| 7.50 | 7.50 | | | | |
| 8.00 | 8.00 | | | | |
| 8.50 | 8.50 | | | | |
| 9.00 | 9.00 | | | | |
| 9.50 | 9.50 | | 13 | 33.0 | 25.0 |
| 10.00 | 10.00 | | | | |
| 10.50 | 10.50 | | | | |
| 11.00 | 11.00 | 13 | | | |
| 11.50 | 11.50 | 15 | | | |
| 12.00 | 12.00 | | | | |
| 12.50 | 12.50 | | | | |
| 13.00 | 13.00 | | | | |
| 13.50 | 13.50 | | | | |
| 14.00 | 14.00 | | | 37.0 | |
| 14.50 | 14.50 | | | | |
| 15.00 | 15.00 | 17 | 17 | | 29.0 |
| 15.50 | 15.50 | | 17 | | 20.0 |
| 16.00 | 16.00 | | | | |
| 16.50 | 16.50 | | | | |
| 17.00 | 17.00 | | | | |
| 17.50 | 17.50 | | | | |
| 18.00 | 18.00 | | | | |
| 18.50 | 18.50 | | | | |
| 19.00 | 19.00 | 21 | 21 | 41.0 | 33.0 |
| 19.50 | 19.50 | | | | 22.0 |
| 20.00 | 20.00 | | | | |
| 20.50 | 20.50 | | | | |
| 21.00 | 21.00 | | | | |

7.4 Recommended Dimensions of Socket Mounting Pattern on Printed Circuit Board Table 3

| | | | | | Unit: mm |
|---|-----------------------|--|---|-------------------|------------|
| Name | Reference symbol | | Stipulations | Recommended value | Supplement |
| Socket mounting length | Lp | Socket mounting length: L_p max $L_p = L + 0.8$ | | - | |
| Socket mounting Width | Wp | Socket mountin W _p = W + 0.8 | ng width: W_p max | - | |
| Through hole diameter | ϕ b _p | Th <u>rough hole d</u> e 0.80 0.65 0.50 <u>0.40</u> | iameter: ∮b _p min ∮b _p min 0.30 0.23 0.22 0.20 | - | |
| Distance between holes for alignment pin in L dimension (inside) | S _{PL1} | S _{PL1} nom=Sock | et nominal dimension plus5.0 | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between holes for alignment pin in W dimension (inside) | S _{PW1} | S _{PW1} nom=Socket nominal dimension plus5.0 | | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between holes for alignment pin in L dimension (outside) | S _{PL2} | S _{PL2} nom=Socket nominal dimension plus9.0 | | - | Table 2 |
| Distance between holes for alignment pin in W dimension (outside) | S _{PW2} | S _{PW2} nom=Socket nominal dimension plus9.0 | | - | Table 2 |
| Hole diameter of alignment pin (inside) | φ B _{P1} | ϕ B _{P1} min=1.6 | | - | |
| Hole diameter of alignment pin (outside) | B _{P2} | B _{P2} min=2.1 | | - | |

8. Individual Outline Drawing Standard Registration

To propose the registration of an individual standard for a new outline, section marked with (*) table shown below shall be filed with dimensions or letters.

| Table 4 | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Reference Number | | | | |
| Socket Code | ***_ | *_*** | | |
| Reference Symbol | Minimum | Nominal | Maximum | |
| L | | * | | |
| W | | * | | |
| Α | | | * | |
| L1 | | | * | |
| L ₂ | | | * | |
| W2 | | | * | |
| A2 | | | * | |
| A | | | * | |
| A5 | | | * | |
| L ₃ | | - | * | |
| L ₄ | | | * | |
| θ | * | * | * | |
| е | | * | | |
| A3 | * | * | * | |
| φ b | | | * | |
| <u>n₁</u> | * | | * | |
| n2 | * | | * | |
| F · | * | | | |
| S _{L1} | | * | | |
| S _{w1} | | * | | |
| SL2 | | * | | |
| S _{w2} | | * | | |
| ΦB_1 | | | * | |
| ΦB_2 | | | * | |
| SL | | * | | |
| Sw | | * | | |
| Ν | | * | | |
| ML | | * | | |
| Mw | | * | | |

EXPLANATION

1. Purpose of Establishment

This technical report was established for the purpose to pursue standardization of FBGA/FLGA clamshell type socket and to show design guideline of the socket and its related parts.

2. Process of Deliberation

Standardization of semiconductor package has been actively executed by JEDEC/JC-11 in U.S.A. and by JEITA/Technical Standardization Committee on Semiconductor Device Package in Japan. On the other hand, test and burn-in socket, which is indispensable for development of package, has been developed independently by each semiconductor maker and socket maker with their own specifications. In such situation, necessity of the standardization activity of the socket was raised and then establishment of Semiconductor Socket Project Group (PG) was approved by Technical Standardization Committee on Semiconductor Device Package.

As the standardization activity of this PG, design guide for the Glossary of Semiconductor Socket and BGA Open Top Type Socket were discussed and the result has been published upon approval by the committee. Afterwards, importance of the socket standardization was recognized and this PG reorganized as Semiconductor Socket Sub-committee for further activities since April 26, 2000.

Approximately two year was spent until the Design Guideline was issued because of the difficulty to unify sockets which the makers have completed its development. This design guideline is expected to be functional as a standard for development of new FBGA/FLGA sockets although range of dimension became extensive as the result to include sockets currently available as many as possible.

In regards to description on datum definition which is relating to dimension of distance between alignment pins, alignment pin holes, diameter of alignment pin, alignment pin holes and length and width of socket, it is decided to leave the issue to future examination because of difficulty to define exact dimensions at this stage where tolerant standard is applied.

In standardization of FBGA/FLGA clamshell type socket, terminal diameter, distance between alignment pins and alignment pin diameter were specified as the same dimension with group 3 in open top type socket design guideline on which the discussion has proceeded, considering common use of printed circuit board with open top type socket design guideline (**JEITA EDR-7712**). Socket using spring-probe, interposer board are not indicated in this design guideline. Spring probe pin, socket with Interposer Card and Fan-out socket by Terminal are not the General Product, original Specification by vendor.

Therefore, these were excluded on the Design Guide.

3. Background of Respective Standard Defined

(1) Scope of application

This design guideline defines clamshell type socket applied to Fine-pitch Ball Grid Array (FBGA) and Fine-pitch Land Grid Array (FLGA) which has been defined by **EIAJ EDR-7316A**. Design Guideline for these packages, **EIAJ EDR-7316A** is expected to be consolidated within year of 2000 as unified design guideline. After its consolidation, definition of socket in this Design Guideline means semiconductor socket applicable to all packages of FBGA/FLGA standardized by newly consolidated design guideline.

(2) Socket code

As a symbol to designate a socket code, not only the socket nominal dimension but also the number of applicable terminal matrix of FBGA/FLGA was applied. The reason is that the nominal dimension does not always include the length and width of the applicable FBGA/FLGA package. For details, refer to the appendix; "Example of application on FBGA/FLGA package and IC Socket".

(3) Socket nominal dimension

Basically largest nominal dimension of the FBGA/FLGA is used as the dimension of the socket which is applicable to the package If the socket length and width are used as the nominal dimension, it is difficult to judge if a given package is able to be accommodated by the selected socket. Variation of the socket nominal dimension will be too extensive in case all dimensions of the package is applied to socket as well since package nominal dimension is defined with the increment of 0.5mm such as 1.5mm~21.0mm. In order to prevent such inconvenience, socket nominal dimension was limited to 4 variations covering all package nominal dimensions. In fact, a socket is used in many cases for several packages replacing a part of socket component. Dimension less and decimal point shall be round up.

(4) Length and width of socket

The width of socket was specified as the value of the nominal dimension plus 12mm, same as the width of socket of FBGA/FLGA open top socket design guideline group 3. The length of socket is set as the width of socket plus the length (8.0mm) of the hinge part and the latch part.

(5) Socket height, maximum socket height and seating plane height

These dimensions were defined based on the sockets currently available.

(6) Maximum height with open lid

The maximum height was calculated from the maximum socket length, maximum socket height and lid open angle

(7) Maximum socket height

The maximum socket height was specified as the socket length plus the projection (5.0mm) of the latch etc. referring to the sockets currently available.

(8) Latch moving distance

These dimensions were defined based on the sockets currently available.

(9) Hinge side length from socket center

The hinge side length was provided from the socket center because the socket center (package center at the maximum matrix) and the center of the length of the socket did not always same.

(10) Lid open angle

These dimensions were defined based on the sockets currently available.

(11) Terminal length and diameter

Wide range terminal length was specified because the terminals should slightly extrude from the backside of the printed circuit board the thickness of which varies with the number of board layers in order to solder the terminals on printed circuit board securely. The terminal diameter was defined based on the dimensions of the socket currently available. In addition, the dimension was set the same of group 3 in consideration of sharing FBGA/FLGA open top socket design guideline with the printed circuit board.

(12) Alignment pin

It was unable to standardize the alignment pin with the consideration to sockets currently available since the printed circuit board and for ease of terminal insertion to the printed circuit board. Therefore, the number of pins was specified with wide range of choice from 0 to 8, and only the minimum length was specified as an inevitable dimension. Position of the pin was determined assuming the internal pin is used to align the terminals to the printed circuit board and the external pin is used to align the terminals to the printed circuit board and the external pin is used to align the socket housing to the printed circuit board. The pin diameter was defined based on the dimensions of the socket currently available. As an option, screw hole for mounting of the socket on printed circuit board may also be accepted instead of alignment pin and the screw in two places or more is recommended. In addition, the dimension was set the same of group 3 in consideration of sharing FBGA/FLGA open top socket design guideline with the printed circuit board.

(13) Number of terminals and matrix

The number of terminals the socket must comply with that for package specified in **EIAJ EDR-7316A**. Matrixes with partially depopulated terminals are allowable.

(14) Package setting direction

When an even/uneven socket terminal matrix is not consistent with that of FBGA/FLGA terminal matrix, for example, when number of the socket terminal row is 26 and that for the FBGA/FLGA is 25, the FBGA/FLGA have to be shifted to a side in the socket. This shifting direction is required to be unified in order to assure right connection between the socket and the FBGA/FLGA. For details, refer to the "Examples of application on FBGA/FLGA package and IC Socket" in next page.

(15) Socket mounting length and width

As a reference to design the printed circuit board, the dimension of geographic area need for socket mounting and operation was defined. The socket length and width plus 0.8mm was specified as the mounting length and width considering the socket outline dimensional tolerance, the alignment pin positional tolerance and the printed circuit board dimensional tolerance. Moreover, the socket mounting length was not a size which provides the socket installation pitch because the operation of lid was not considered.

(16) Through hole diameter

Through hole diameter is key dimension to design the circuit pattern of printed circuit boards, then it was specified in accordance with the popular dimension currently applied.

(17) Hole diameter of alignment

This diameter was specified for "alignment pin diameter +0.1mm", considering the tolerances of the socket and the printed circuited board.

4. Examples of Application on FBGA package and IC Socket

(1) IC Socket: Nominal dimensions 17x17,

Matrix size of W-direction M_W =21, Matrix size of L-direction M_L =21, Terminal pitch e=0.80

(a) In case of FBGA package: Length x Width = 17x17,

Matrix size in E-direction $M_E=21$, Matrix size in D-direction $M_D=21$

Socket code = **SFB-C-1717AA-2121-080**



(b) In case of FBGA package: Length x Width = 17x17,

Matrix size in E-direction $M_E=20$, Matrix size in D-direction $M_D=20$

Socket code = **<u>SFB-C-1717AA-2020-080</u>**



Above drawings are shown from the top side of the Socket (Package mounting surface), and black dots mean the contact area with FBGA terminals, and white dots mean the contact area without FBGA terminals.

(c) In case of FBGA package: Length x Width = 17x17,

Matrix size in E-direction M_E =19, Matrix size in D-direction M_D =19

12345678 1415161718192021 0<u>00</u>00000 0 0 0 0 <u>0 0 0</u> 0 А С p В 0 þ С C 'n D Е C 0 F 0 G C 0 Н O C Ρ O \sim R Т U V C n W С þ o 00000 ၀၀၀၀၀ 00 ъ σ σ AA

Socket code = **SFB-C-1717AA-1919-080**

(d) In case of FBGA package: Length x Width = 15x15,

Matrix size in E-direction M_E =18, Matrix size in D-direction M_D =18

Socket code = **SFB-C-1717AA-1818-080** 12345678 1415161718192021 0 0 0 0 <u>0 0 0</u> 0 0 А 0 С В 0 С С 0 D EF 0 0 0 G C 0 С Н C 0 Ρ 0 C R 0 Т 0 U 0 C V 0 0 W 000000 o 00000000 <u>'o o</u> Y 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 AA

Above drawings are shown from the top side of the Socket (Package mounting surface), and black dots mean the contact area with FBGA terminals, and white dots mean the contact area without FBGA terminals.

(e) In case of FBGA package: Length x Width = 15x15

Matrix size in E-direction M_E =16, Matrix size in D-direction M_D =18

Socket code = **SFB-C-1717AA-1618-080**



Above drawings are shown from the top side of the Socket (Package mounting surface), and black dots mean the contact area with FBGA terminals, and white dots mean the contact area without FBGA terminals..

5. Members of the Committee

This design guideline was deliberated by Semiconductor Socket Sub-committee of Technical Standardization Committee on Semiconductor Device Package. The members are as shown below.

<Technical Standardization Committee on Semiconductor Device Package>

| Chairman: | Kazuo Nishiyama | Sony Corporation |
|-----------|-----------------|------------------|
| | • | • • |

<Semiconductor Socket Project Group>

| Chief Examiner: | Hiroshi Yamanouchi | NEC Corporation |
|----------------------|--------------------|---|
| Vice-Chief Examiner: | Takayuki Nagumo | Sumitomo 3M Limited |
| | Takashi Nokubo | Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd |
| Menber | Kazumasa Sato | Wells-CTI K.K. |
| | Yoshiyuki Ohashi | Enplas Semiconductor Peripheral Corporation |
| | Hiroaki Hirao | Samsung Japan Corporation |
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| | Takeo Satou | Toshiba Corporation |
| | Tsuneo Kobayashi | IBM Japan, Ltd. |
| | Kikuo Takanashi | Texas Instruments Japan Ltd. |
| | Hiroyuki Hosogi | Texas Instruments Japan Ltd. |
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